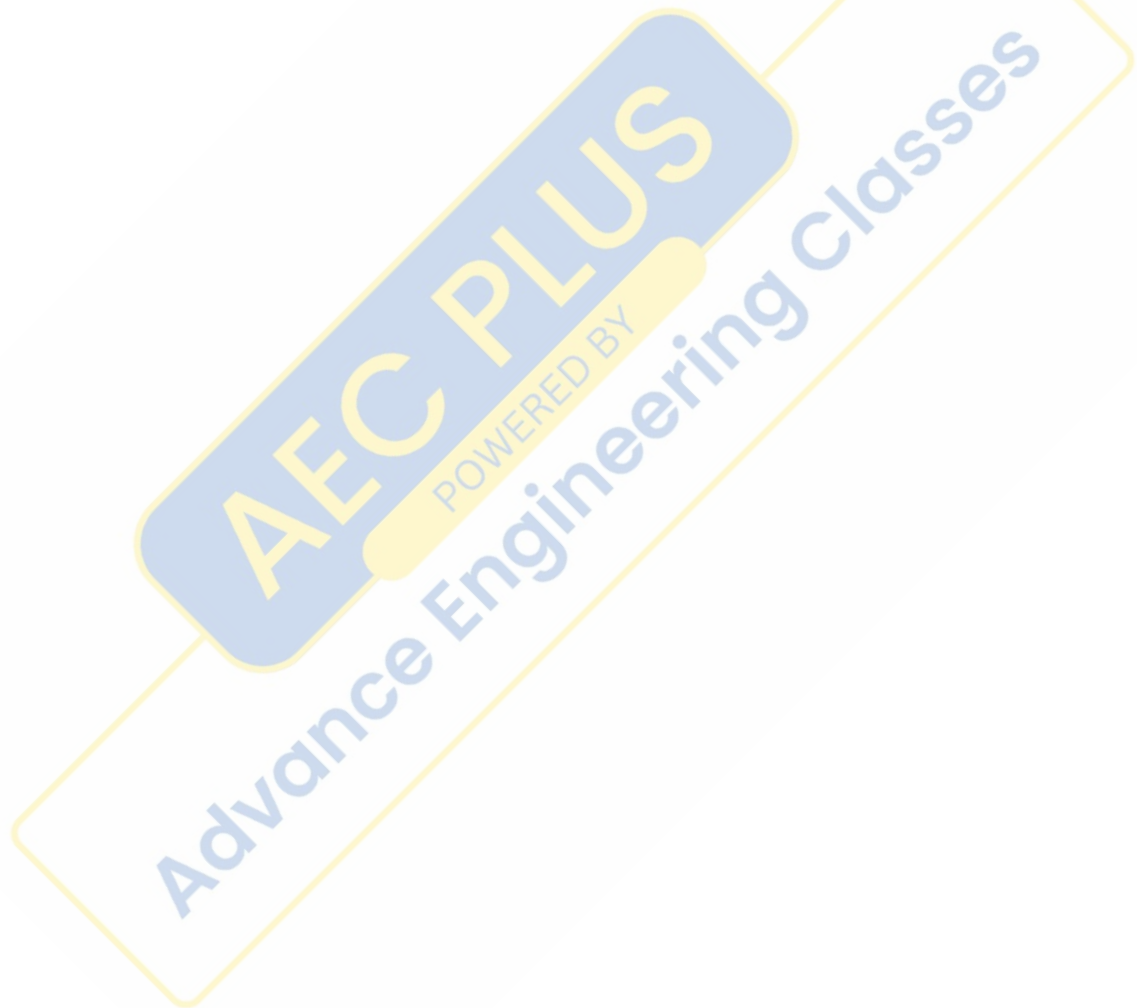


MPPSC AE

**Previous Year Paper
Paper - II
Electrical Engineering
(2014 Shift 2)**



State Engineering (Prelims) Exam – 2014

Second Paper – Second Shift

(Provisional Model Answer Key)

Electrical Engineering

Q1 : The unit step sequence $u[n]$ and impulse response $\delta[n]$ are related as -

A $u[n] = \sum_{p=0}^n \delta[p - 1]$

B $u[n] = \sum_{p=0}^{-n} \delta[p]$

C $u[n] = \sum_{p=0}^{+\infty} \delta[p]$

D $u[n] = \sum_{p=-\infty}^n \delta[p]$

Answer Key: **D**

Q2 : The system given as $y(t)=x(t-8)$ is invertible then inverse system will be as-

A $y(t+8)$

B $y(t-8)$

C $y(2t+8)$

D $y(t-2)$

Answer Key: **A**

Q3 :

If $f(t)$ is a function, then the Laplace transform of $\frac{df(t)}{dt}$ will be as-

A $F(s)$

B $sF(s)-f(0)$

C $s^2F(s)$

D $s^5F(s)- f(0)$

Answer Key: **B**

Q4 : The autocorrelation function of a real signal $x(t)$ denoted by $R_x(\mathbf{T})$ satisfies the following condition -

A $R_x(\mathbf{T}) = R_x(-\mathbf{T})$

B	$R_x(0) < R_x(-T)$
C	$R_x(T) > R_x(-T)$
D	$R_x(T) = 1$
Answer Key: A	

Q5 : The discrete-time system denoted by $y[n]=x[n^3]$ is-

A	Linear, time-varying and causal system
B	Nonlinear, time-varying and causal system
C	Linear, time-invariant and non-causal system
D	Linear, time-variant and non-causal system
Answer Key: D	

Q6 : If the voltage gain $|V_0/V_i|$ of an amplifier is $1/\sqrt{2}$, its value in dB is -

A	+10 dB
B	-6.93 dB
C	-3 dB
D	+3 dB
Answer Key: C	

Q7 : The trigonometric Fourier series representation of an even signal does not have the following type of functions-

A	DC
B	Cosine functions
C	Sine functions
D	Odd harmonic functions
Answer Key: C	

Q8 : The impulse response of a linear time invariant system is given by $h(t) = \delta(t-2) + \delta(t-3)$. The step response of this system at $t=1$ will be -

A	0
B	1
C	2

D	3
Answer Key: A	

Q9 : The power spectral density and the autocorrelation function of an periodic signal are related by -

A	The Fourier transformation
B	The Laplace transformation
C	Both are same
D	None of these is correct
Answer Key: A	

Q10 The power of a sinusoid signal $x(t) = A/2 \cos(\omega t)$ is given by -

A	$A^2/4$
B	$A^2/2$
C	A^2
D	$A^2/8$
Answer Key: D	

Q11 Assume that F_1 and F_2 denote the lower and upper half power frequencies of a series RLC circuit respectively and F_0 denotes the resonance frequency. The selectivity of this RLC circuit is given by-

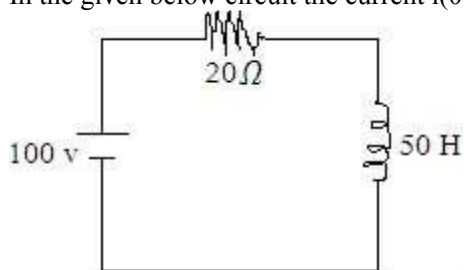
A	$\frac{F_2 - F_0}{F_0 - F_1}$
B	$\frac{F_0}{F_2 - F_1}$
C	$\frac{F_1 - F_2}{2F_0}$
D	$\frac{F_2 - F_0}{F_1 - F_0}$
Answer Key: B	

Q12 If eight resistors of 8 Ohm resistance of each are connected in parallel then the net resistance will be:

A	1
B	64

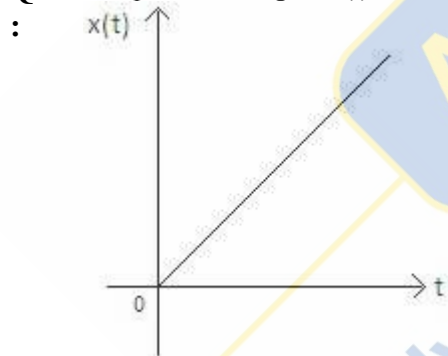
C	4
D	8
Answer Key: A	

Q13 : In the given below circuit the current $i(0^+)$ and $\frac{di(0^+)}{dt}$ are given by:



A	0,0
B	0,2
C	5,0
D	0,5
Answer Key: B	

Q14 The plot of the signal $x(t)$ in the below figure represents:



A	Energy signal
B	Power signal
C	Energy signal and Power signal
D	None of these is correct
Answer Key: D	

Q15 Following is the magnitude of the impedance of the series RLC circuit running at angular frequency ω :

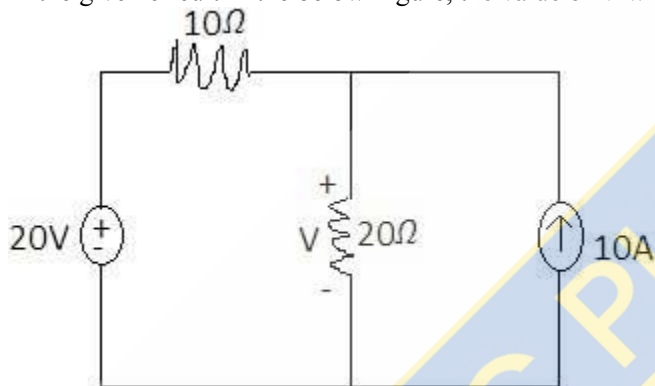
:	
---	--

- | | |
|---|---|
| A | $[R^2 + \omega^2 L^2 + \frac{1}{\omega^2 C^2}]^{1/2}$ |
| B | $[R^2 + \omega^2 L^2 - \frac{1}{\omega^2 C^2}]^{1/2}$ |
| C | $[R^2 + (\omega L + \frac{1}{\omega C})^2]^{1/2}$ |
| D | $[R^2 + (\omega L - \frac{1}{\omega C})^2]^{1/2}$ |

Answer Key: **D**

Q16 In the given circuit in the below Figure, the value of V will be as follows:

:



- | | |
|---|----|
| A | 80 |
| B | 70 |
| C | 20 |
| D | 10 |

Answer Key: **A**

Q17 The superposition principle can not be applied for:

:

- | | |
|---|----------------------|
| A | voltage computation |
| B | current computation |
| C | power computation |
| D | bilateral components |

Answer Key: **C**

Q18 If unit step current is applied to an initially relaxed capacitor, then the voltage across the capacitor will be-

:

A	Unit step function
B	Ramp function
C	Impulse function
D	None of these is correct
Answer Key: B	

Q19 The mathematical expression for the velocity for travelling electromagnetic wave in free-space can be given as:

A	$(\mu_0 \epsilon_0)^{1/2}$
B	$(\mu_0 \epsilon_0)^{-1}$
C	$\mu_0 \epsilon_0$
D	$(\mu_0 \epsilon_0)^{-1/2}$
Answer Key: D	

Q20 The energy density corresponding to static magnetic field is as-

A	μH^2
B	$\frac{1}{2} \mu H^2$
C	$1/2 H^2$
D	$(1/2\mu) (H^2)$
Answer Key: B	

Q21 The SI unit of electrostatic field strength is

A	volt-meter
B	volt ² /meter
C	volt/meter
D	volt/meter ²
Answer Key: C	

Q22 $\nabla^2 = \frac{-\rho}{\epsilon}$
: The equation is

- A Maxwell's equation
- B Laplace's equation
- C Fourier equation
- D Poisson's equation

Answer Key: **D**

Q23 Poynting vector represents:
:

- A power density vector which produces electrostatic field
- B current density vector which produces electrostatic field
- C current density vector which produces electromagnetic field
- D power density vector which produces electromagnetic field

Answer Key: **D**

Q24 The distance between adjacent maxima and minima in a standing wave of a transmission line is given by
:

- A $\lambda/4$
- B $\lambda/2$
- C $\lambda/8$
- D λ

Answer Key: **A**

Q25 The intrinsic impedance of free space is given by:
:

- A 20 Ohm
- B 277 Ohm
- C 177 Ohm
- D 377 Ohm

Answer Key: **D**

Q26 The divergence of electric flux density $D = e^{-x} \sin y \hat{i} - e^{-x} \cos y \hat{j} + 2z \hat{k}$, at origin is :

- A 2
- B 4
- C -2
- D 0

Answer Key: **A**

Q27 The input signal for the A.C. bridges is applied from- :

- A Oscillator system
- B Amplifier system
- C Regulated power supply system
- D D.C. battery system

Answer Key: **A**

Q28 The internal resistance of the ammeter should be very low so that- :

- A It will have high sensitivity
- B It will provide high accuracy
- C It will provide maximum voltage drop across the meter
- D It will provide minimum effect of the current in the circuit

Answer Key: **D**

Q29 The Wien bridge can be used for the following- :

- A Measurement of resistance
- B Measurement of frequency
- C Measurement of harmonic distortion
- D Measurement of frequency and harmonic distortion

Answer Key: **D**

Q30 The application of thermocouple transducer is

:	
A	Measurement of temperature
B	Measurement of velocity and vibration
C	Measurement of pressure
D	Measurement of gas flow
Answer Key: A	

Q31 A varactor can be defined as- :	
A	A diode which is used for variable capacitor
B	A diode which is used for high speed switching
C	A diode which is used for variable inductor
D	A diode which is used for variable resistor
Answer Key: A	

Q32 Measurement of dielectric loss of capacitor can be performed by- :	
A	Using Wein bridge
B	Using Owen bridge
C	Using Schering bridge
D	Using Maxwell bridge
Answer Key: C	

Q33 Siemens can be used as a unit for- :	
A	Measurement of conductance
B	Measurement of resistance
C	Measurement of flux density
D	Measurement of electric field
Answer Key: A	

Q34 A cathode ray oscilloscope works based on the following - :	
---	--

A	Electrostatic based focusing technique
B	Electromagnetic based focusing technique
C	Electrostatic and Electromagnetic based focusing technique
D	None of these is correct
Answer Key: A	

Q35 Regenerative feedback means the following-
:

A	Feedback with step input
B	Feedback with oscillations
C	Feedback with positive sign
D	Feedback with negative sign
Answer Key: C	

Q36 Laplace transform is not useful for analysis of the following control systems-
:

A	Linear systems
B	Discrete- time systems
C	Time- invariant systems
D	Unstable continuous –time systems
Answer Key: B	

Q37 The transfer function of the following state model of an LTI system with zero initial condition

is
$$\frac{d^2 y(t)}{dt^2} + 6 \frac{d^2 y(t)}{dt^2} + 11 \frac{dy(t)}{dt} + 6y(t) = x(t)$$

A	$\frac{1}{(s+1)(s+2)(s+3)}$
B	$\frac{1}{(s+1)(s+2)(s+2)}$
C	$\frac{1}{(s+1)(s+2)(s+4)}$
D	$\frac{1}{(s+3)(s-1)(s-2)}$
Answer Key: A	

Q38 The time period of a square wave of frequency 1kHz is-
:

- A 1 s
- B 10 s
- C 10^{-3} s
- D 0.1 s

Answer Key: C

Q39 If the state space representation of an LTI system is known then the transfer function of this system-
:

- A Can be partially determined
- B Can be completely determined
- C Cannot be completely determined
- D None of these is correct

Answer Key: B

Q40 What number of nybbles can make one byte-
:

- A 1
- B 2
- C 4
- D 8

Answer Key: B

Q41 In a microprocessor, the data bus has 16 lines and address bus has 12 lines. What will be the number of bytes in the memory-
:

- A 4k
- B 2k
- C 8k
- D 24k

Answer Key: A

Q42 In Intel 8085 microprocessor, the address bus is 16 bit wide. The memory which can be accessed by this address bus will be-

- A 64 k bytes
- B 2 k bytes
- C 8 k bytes
- D 12 k bytes

Answer Key: A

Q43 The following memory is a permanent memory

- A ROM
- B RAM
- C ROM AND RAM
- D None of these is correct

Answer Key: A

Q44 The assumption of ergodic process in communication system means -

- A The random signals have identical time averages
- B The random signals have identical ensemble averages
- C The random signals have the identical time and ensemble averages
- D None of these is correct

Answer Key: C

Q45 The power spectral density of the stationary noise whose autocorrelation is $R(\tau) = e^{-3|\tau|}$, will be-

- A $\frac{3}{\omega^2 + 3}$
- B $\frac{3}{3 - \omega^2}$
- C $\frac{6}{9 - \omega^2}$
- D $\frac{6}{\omega^2 + 9}$

Answer Key: **D**

Q46 Entropy commonly measures :
:

- A The average informtion
- B The rate of information
- C The probability of information
- D The loss of information

Answer Key: **A**

Q47 The autocorrelation function of a signal at zero -lag will be :
:

- A Mean value of signal
- B Average power of signal
- C Average voltage of signal
- D Zero

Answer Key: **B**

Q48 In DSB-SC system, at the receiver the detection process is expensive because :
:

- A It requires synchronous detection
- B Generation of local carrier is difficult at the receiver
- C Power level of received signal is very low
- D All options are correct

Answer Key: **A**

Q49 In a PCM system, the signal to quantization error ratio for 8-bit words will be :
:

- A 54 dB
- B 30 dB
- C 40 dB
- D 64 dB

Answer Key: **A**

Q50 Companding operation is useful because :
:

- | | |
|---|--|
| A | It overcomes quantization noise in PCM |
| B | It protects small signals in PCM from quantizing noise |
| C | It reduces impulse noise in PWM receivers |
| D | None of these is correct |

Answer Key: **B**

Q51 Which of the following pulse modulation technique is analog:
:

- | | |
|---|------------------|
| A | Differential PCM |
| B | PCM |
| C | PWM |
| D | Delta |

Answer Key: **C**

Q52 Frequency shift keying can be considered as a method for introducing:
:

- | | |
|---|--------------------------|
| A | Frequency modulation |
| B | Amplitude modulation |
| C | Phase modulation |
| D | None of these is correct |

Answer Key: **A**

Q53 In a first order passive low-pass RC circuit, the input voltage square wave is fed. The output voltage, with respect to ground, is measured across :
:

- | | |
|---|-----------|
| A | Supply |
| B | Resistor |
| C | Capacitor |
| D | Ground |

Answer Key: **C**

Q54 The main disadvantage of CW Doppler radar is :

:

- | | |
|---|---|
| A | It does not provide the target velocity |
| B | It does not provide target range |
| C | It requires a transponder at the target |
| D | It does not provide the target position |

Answer Key: **B**

Q55 In an R-L series circuit, the ratio of inductive impedance to resistance is $1/\sqrt{3}$. The power factor of the A.C. circuit at steady state is:

- | | |
|---|-----------|
| A | 0.87 lag |
| B | 0.87 lead |
| C | 0.5 lag |
| D | 0.5 lead |

Answer Key: **A**

Q56 In television, we use interlacing for the following purpose:

:

- | | |
|---|--|
| A | To provide the illusion of motion |
| B | To ensure that all lines on the screen are scanned |
| C | To simplify the vertical sync pulse train |
| D | To avoid flicker |

Answer Key: **D**

Q57 Which statement is not true :

:

- | | |
|---|---|
| A | The phase array radar has very fast scanning compared to other types of radar |
| B | The phase array radar has ability to track and scan simultaneously compared to other types of radar |
| C | The phase array radar has circuit simplicity compared to other types of radar |
| D | The phased array radar has the ability to track many targets simultaneously as compared to other types of radar |

Answer Key: **C**

Q58 The satellites used for the purpose of intercontinental communications are called as:

:	
A	Intelsat
B	Damsat
C	Comsat
D	Marisat
Answer Key: A	

Q59 A waveguide can be treated as a :

:	
A	Low pass filter
B	High pass filter
C	Band pass filter
D	Band stop filter
Answer Key: B	

Q60 The radiation power of an antenna which has radiation resistance equal to 500 ohm and fed by 20 A current, will be:

:	
A	100 kW
B	150 kW
C	200 kW
D	250 kW
Answer Key: C	

Q61 What is the magnitude of the attractive force (in vacuum) between the charge $Q_1 = 3 \times 10^{-4}$ C at location (1,2,3) and the charge $Q_2 = -10^{-4}$ C at location (2,0,5) ?

:	
A	120 N
B	60 N
C	40 N
D	30 N
Answer Key: D	

Q62 A full- wave diode bridge rectifier circuit has :

:	
---	--

A	3 diodes
B	2 diodes
C	4 diodes
D	8 diodes
Answer Key: C	

Q63 Which is not an Omni-directional antenna:

:

A	Marconi antenna
B	Discone antenna
C	Log-periodic antenna
D	Half-wave dipole antenna

Answer Key: C

Q64 In order to separate the channels in an TDM receiver, we need to use following :

:

A	Band pass filters
B	And gates
C	Differentiator
D	Integrator

Answer Key: B

Q65 Which statement is not true ?

:

A	Losses in optical fibers can caused by impurities
B	Losses in optical fibers can caused by microbending
C	Losses in optical fibers can caused by attenuation in the glass
D	Losses in optical fibers can caused by stepped index operation

Answer Key: D

Q66 Laser light is:

:

A	Coherent emission
---	-------------------

B	Stimulated emission
C	Spontaneous emission
D	Coherent and stimulated emissions
Answer Key: D	

Q67 The core in optical fiber has following :

:

A	Less refractive index than the air
B	Less refractive index than the cladding
C	More refractive index than the cladding
D	Same refractive index like cladding
Answer Key: C	

Q68 The electrical torque in terms of supply voltage V in a 3-phase induction motor, is proportional to the following?

:

A	V^2
B	V^{-1}
C	$V^{1/2}$
D	V
Answer Key: A	

Q69 The following motor is used for the compressors.

:

A	Reluctance motor
B	DC series motor
C	Shaded pole motor
D	Capacitor-start capacitor-run motor
Answer Key: D	

Q70 Which of the following statement is true ?

:

A	Single-phase induction motor requires only one winding
B	Single-phase induction motor can rotate in one direction only

C	Single-phase induction motor is self starting
D	Single-phase induction motor is not self-starting
Answer Key: D	

Q71 Which distortion is least significant for the audio amplifiers?
:

A	Frequency
B	Phase
C	Intermodulation
D	Harmonic
Answer Key: B	

Q72 The following relay is used for protection of motors against overload?
:

A	Thermal relay
B	Buchholz relay
C	Impedance relay
D	Electromagnetic attraction type
Answer Key: A	

Q73 To charge a feeder cable the following sequence of operation is true :
:

A	Make the isolator followed by make the switch gear
B	Make the switch gear followed by make the isolator
C	Simultaneously make the isolator and switch gear
D	Break the isolator followed by make the switch gear
Answer Key: A	

Q74 The fuse rating is given in terms of the following :
:

A	kVA
B	VAR
C	Voltage

D	Current
Answer Key: D	

Q75 Oil switches are applied :

:

A	For low current circuits
B	For low voltage circuits
C	For high voltages and large current circuits
D	For all circuits
Answer Key: C	

Q76 Which statement is true :

:

A	Reluctance motor can be considered as a variable torque motor
B	Reluctance motor can be considered as low torque variable speed motor
C	Reluctance motor can be considered as self starting type synchronous motor
D	Reluctance motor can be considered as a low noise and slow speed motor
Answer Key: C	

Q77 Which motor has series characteristics :

:

A	Shaded pole motor
B	Capacitor start motor
C	Repulsion motor
D	None of these is correct
Answer Key: C	

Q78 The variable speed operation is desired for the following application :

:

A	Water pump
B	Refrigerator
C	Ceiling fan
D	Exhaust fan

Answer Key: C

Q79 Given that X and Y are two independent Gaussian random variables, each one has average value=0, and variance = σ^2 , then the joint density function can be defined as :

A $f(x,y) = (f(x))/(f(y))$

B $f(x,y) = f(x) f(y)$

C $f(x,y) = f(x) - f(y)$

D $f(x,y) = f(x) + f(y)$

Answer Key: B

Q80 The material used for insulating in a cable should have the following property :

:

A Low cost

B High dielectric strength

C High mechanical strength

D All options are correct

Answer Key: D

Q81 If the length of a cable is doubled then its capacitance will be :

:

A One-fourth

B One-half

C Double

D Remain unchanged

Answer Key: C

Q82 Which transmission system has skin effect absence, less line cost, low corona effect?

:

A HVDC

B EHV-AC

C UHB-AC

D HVDC and EHV-AC

Answer Key: A

Q83 The load curve is used for

:

A Deciding schedule of generating units

B Deciding sizes of generating units

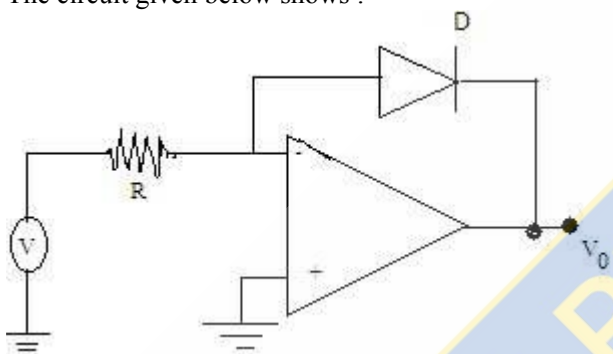
C Deciding total installed capacity of the plant

D Deciding schedule and sizes of the generating units and capacity of the plant

Answer Key: **D**

Q84 The circuit given below shows :

:



A A logarithmic amplifier

B An integrator

C A differentiator

D A clamper

Answer Key: **A**

Q85 An ideal voltage amplifier has :

:

A Input resistance = 0, Output resistance = ∞

B Input resistance = 0, Output resistance = 0

C Input resistance = ∞ , Output resistance = 0

D Input resistance = ∞ , Output resistance = ∞

Answer Key: **C**

Q86 Which statement is true :

:

A A clipper circuit may generate harmonics

B	A clipper circuit increases the RMS value of the signal
C	A clipper circuit improves the power factor of the linear passive load
D	A clipper circuit increases the load VA rating of the linear passive load
Answer Key: A	

Q87 In order to sustain the oscillations, the Barkhausen criteria states that :

:

A	The loop gain of the circuit should be negligible
B	The loop gain of the circuit should be equal to 1 with phase shift 180 degree lagging
C	The phase shift around the circuit should be 90 degree lag
D	None of these is correct
Answer Key: B	

Q88 The following expression $T = X\bar{Y}Z + X\bar{Y}\bar{Z} + XYZ$ can be simplified as :

:

A	$T = XZ + X\bar{Y}$
B	$T = \bar{X}Z + XY$
C	$T = X\bar{Z} + XY$
D	$T = X\bar{Z} + X\bar{Y}$
Answer Key: A	

Q89 Which interrupt is unmaskable interrupt ?

:

A	INTR
B	RST 7.5
C	TRAP
D	RST 5.5
Answer Key: C	

Q90 Gray code for number 4 is given by,

:

A	0111
B	0110

C	0101
D	0100
Answer Key: B	

Q91 Which relation is not true in Boolean algebra ?
:

A	$A(BC) = (AB)C$
B	$A(B + C) = AB + AC$
C	$A + AC = A$
D	$A(A + C) = 1$
Answer Key: D	

Q92 The value of $\beta = \frac{I_c}{I_B}$ of a BJT is :
:

A	>1
B	about 0.1
C	about 10^{-3}
D	about 10^{-5}
Answer Key: A	

Q93 The enhancement type MOSFET is known as :
:

A	N-type MOSFET
B	P-type MOSFET
C	Normally off MOSFET
D	Normally on MOSFET
Answer Key: C	

Q94 The following circuit is a sequential circuit :
:

A	AND gate
B	NAND gate
C	Bistable multivibrator

D	EX-OR gate
Answer Key: C	

Q95 The nature of transconductance curve of a JFET is :

:

A	Straight line
B	Parabolic
C	Hyperbolic
D	Inverted V-type
Answer Key: B	

Q96 Which diode works under forward-biased condition :

:

A	Photo diode
B	Zener diode
C	Light emitting diode
D	Varactor diode
Answer Key: C	

Q97 Which statement is true ?

:

A	Hall effect can be used to measure magnetic field intensity
B	Hall effect can be used to measure electric field intensity
C	Hall effect can be used to measure electric and magnetic field intensities
D	Hall effect can be used to measure carrier concentration
Answer Key: A	

Q98 The most heavily doped region of a transistor is :

:

A	Base
B	Collector
C	Emitter
D	None of these is correct

Answer Key: C

Q99 Which is true statement ?

:

- A A bistable multivibrator is a free-running oscillator
- B A bistable multivibrator is a triggered oscillator
- C A bistable multivibrator is a saw tooth wave generator
- D A bistable multivibrator is a crystal oscillator

Answer Key: B

Q100 BJT is considered better than MOSFET when :

:

- A There is a requirement of low cost
- B There is a requirement of low power dissipation
- C There is a requirement of high noise margin
- D None of these is correct

Answer Key: A

